By Mr. CUNNINGHAM:

H. R. 2169. A bill for the relief of Lt. Col. Homer G. Hamilton; to the Committee on the Judiciary

By Mr. HAYS of Ohio:

H. R. 2170. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Johanna Maria Lummer Valentine; to the Committee on the Judiciary. By Mr. McDONOUGH:

H. R. 2171. A bill for the relief of Robert E. Robinson; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MORRISON:

H. R. 2172. A bill for the relief of C. Paul Phelps; to the Committee on Armed Services. H.R. 2173. A bill for the relief of Herbert J. Eberts; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MULTER: H. R. 2174. A bill for the relief of Nissim Tawil; to the Committee on the Salim Judiciary.

By Mr. PRIEST:

H. R. 2175. A bill for the relief of Addle Dean Garner Scott; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ROGERS of Florida:

H. R. 2176. A bill for the relief of the Fort Pierce Port District; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. HARDIE SCOTT:

H. R. 2177. A bill for the relief of Desiderio Fischer; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SHEPPARD: H. R. 2178. A bill for the relief of Lee Lai Ha; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SPRINGER: H. R. 2179. A bill for the relief of Ilona Agoston; to the Committee on the Judiciary. H.R. 2180. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Florence E. Homann and her son, John A. Villas; to the Committee on the Judiciary. By Mr. THOMPSON of Texas:

H. R. 2181. A bill for the relief of the Trust Association of H. Kempner; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. WALTER:

H.R. 2182. A bill for the relief of Julie Bettelheim and Evelyn Lang Hirsch; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H. R. 2183. A bill for the relief of Kimiko Furuya; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. EATON:

H. R. 2184. A bill for the relief of Henri Suderman; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. WALTER:

H. Con. Res. 49. Concurrent resolution favoring the grant of status of permanent residence to certain aliens; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

25. By Mr. PROUTY: Resolution of the Vermont General Assembly, relating to dangers of inflation and providing ways and means to prevent same; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

26. By Mr. BUSH: Petition of the Pearl R. Reed Union of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Hughesville, Pa., urging the enactment of legislation to keep alcoholic beverages out of the armed services; to the Committee on Armed Services.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 30, 1951

The House met at 12 o'clock noon. The Chaplain, Rev. Bernard Braskamp, D. D., offered the following prayer:

O Thou great God of all our days and years, by whose mercies we are spared and by whose power we are sustained,

we thank Thee for this day so significant in the life of our highly esteemed and dearly beloved Speaker whom we delight to honor and upon whom we are bestowing the diadem of our heartfelt praise and affection for his many years of outstanding service and achievement.

We believe in no man's infallibility of wisdom and judgment but we rejoice with one another as we contemplate the glorious privilege of walking and working with one of our fellow citizens whose integrity of character, lofty idealism, devotion to duty, and humility of spirit inspire us with confidence and courage as we also seek to serve our God, our country, and all mankind.

Grant that his own heart may be filled with joy and peace as he continues to accept the challenge of tasks which demand the consecration of his noblest manhood. We pray that at the close of each day he may receive the benediction which Thou dost give unto the faithful.

In the midst of our rejoicing we would pause to pay tribute to the Christian life and character of one of our associates whose spirit Thou hast called from among us to dwell with Thee in heavenly blessedness. Grant unto the members of his bereaved family the consolation of

To Thy name we ascribe all the praise for the joys which cheer us and the trials which teach us to put our trust in Thee. Amen.

The Journal of the proceedings of yesterday was read and approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Woodruff, its enrolling clerk, announced that the Senate had passed bills and concurrent resolutions of the following titles, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 15. An act to amend section 215 of the United States Code;

S. 27. An act to prohibit the transportation of obscene matters in interstate or foreign commerce:

S. 44. An act for the relief of John E. Turri and Edward H. Turri; S. 45. An act for the relief of Alfred E.

Bosche; S. 46. An act for the relief of Ruth Obre

Dubonnet; S. 48. An act for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Lucillo Grassi:

S. 51. An act for the relief of Arthur Henrik Sorensen, Maren Anderson Sorensen, and minor child, Evelyn Sorensen;

S. 52. An act for the relief of Delfo Giorgi; S. 53. An act for the relief of Vittorio Quilici;

S. 54. An act for the relief of Stella Jean Stathopoulou;

S. 56. An act for the relief of Francis Kueen San Thu, Mary Luke Thu, Catherine Thu, Victoria Thu, and Anne Bernadette Thu;

S. 57. An act for the relief of Ertogroul Osman and Mehmed Fahreddin;

S. 58. An act for the relief of Edulji Dinshaw and his sister, Mrs. Bachoo Dinsha Woronzow:

S. 59. An act for the relief of Vernon Crudge;

S. 62. An act for the relief of Stefanos Stefanou;

S. 63. An act for the relief of Marie Louise

S. Con. Res. 6. Concurrent resolution favoring the suspension of deportation of certain aliens; and

S. Con. Res. 7. Concurrent resolution favoring the suspension of deportation of certain

HOUR OF MEETING TOMORROW

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today it adjourn to meet tomorrow at 11 o'clock.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. CANNON].

THE LATE JOHN B. SULLIVAN

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, it is my sad duty to announce the death of our colleague and friend, John Sullivan.

Last evening in his apartment, working after dinner as was his custom on his official correspondence—while he was in the act of designating a young man of his constituency to the United States Military Academy at West Point, suddenly, without premonition, his tired brain ceased to function. He was rushed to the naval hospital at Bethesda where he died a few minutes after his arrival.

Mr. Speaker, I am certain that he died as he would have wished to die-in the harness-on the job-serving his people and his country.

It is perhaps an explanation of his unexpected and untimely death, in the prime of life, at the height of his power, the zenith of his accomplishments, that he had always worked tirelessly, inde-fatigably; that he did not spare himself; that he threw himself wholeheartedly and unreservedly, with all of his extraordinary powers, into every task committed to him—in the promotion of every enterprise entrusted to his care. He gave of himself and his resources so prodigally that in the noonday of life, the sun has gone down, ere it is yet night.

His death deprives his State and the Nation of the services of a man who has long been intimately associated and always earnestly active in the political, the commercial, the social, and the fra-ternal life of St. Louis and Washington.

In addition to every phase of national legislation, and the field of the great Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce in particular, of which he was an outstanding member, he was deeply interested in and he had achieved notable progress toward congressional recognition of the development of the Jefferson Memorial on the river front at St. Louis. Although the war had interfered, he had already secured assur-ances which bid fair to lead ultimately to the adoption of that great develop-

He was wholeheartedly concerned and vigilantly cooperative in the alleviation of the slum districts which are indigenous to every city, and to which St. Louis is no exception. And he never failed at any opportunity to work here on the floor and in the committees and in local and national civic organizations and associations in the development of those blighted areas, especially in his efforts to make available appropriate housing at low cost for the workers of his city.

He was, of course, interested in the war and its effect upon his city and his constituency. His heart was always with those young men who would be called upon at a time in life when they had so much to live for, and his decline in health coincided with the opening of that unhappy struggle. He cooperated and coordinated in every way to meet the needs of the Nation and at the same time preserve as nearly as possible an adjustable status for those men who were approaching the required grades of military service.

John Sullivan was one of the most lovable of men. He was a friend, he was a companion, a counselor who will be sadly missed by those privileged to be intimately associated with him. A man of capacity and ability, a successful lawyer, a member of the bar associations of his city, his State, and the Nation, he was a successful businessman, an ornament to his community, an asset

to his country.

In that historic conversation which has come down to us from Holy Writ, in the conference between Job and his three intimate friends, they raised the supreme question, "If a man die would he live again?" John Sullivan had no doubt, no misgivings, about the answer to that question. He was a man of deep faith. He was a faithful and a devout communicant of his church. He was a member of the Catholic Lawyers Guild, the Holy Name Society, the Layman's Retreat League, and never failed when called upon for any religious duty.

Our hearts go out to his devoted wife. She was his constant companion at home and in business. He told me on one occasion that he never made a political campaign or went out into his district on any business connected with his congressional duties, but that she accompanied him; that he considered his success in politics and in business as largely fostered and supplemented by her intelligent and devoted service.

Mr. Speaker, Missouri has lost a noble son, the Nation a wise and able legislator, and here on the floor we have lost a loyal comrade and a valued friend.

Peace to his ashes.

Mr. Speaker, I send to the desk a resolution (H. Res. 104) and ask for the present consideration of all but the last paragraph.

The Clerk read the resolution, as

Resolved, That the House has heard with profound sorrow of the death of Hon. John B. Sullivan, a Representative from the State of Missouri.

Resolved, That a committee of 12 Members of the House with such Members of the Senate as may be joined be appointed to attend the funeral.

Resolved, That the Sergeant at Arms of the House be authorized and directed to take such steps as may be necessary for carrying out the provision of these resolutions and that the necessary expenses in connection therewith be paid out of the contingent fund of the House

of the House.

Resolved, That the Clerk communicate these resolutions to the Senate and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. KARSTEN].

Mr. KARSTEN of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I am shocked and grieved over the death of my close personal friend, John B. SULLIVAN. I join with my colleagues in mourning his passing. We shall miss him very much.

St. Louis has lost a real friend. Missouri has lost a true son. The Nation has lost a leader who placed service to his country above everything else.

It has been written that no greater love hath a man than to lay down his life for another. John Sullivan had that love and that devotion to the people of his district. I met John Sullivan when he came to Washington over 10 years ago. He was one of the most conscientious men I have ever known. Through the years, thousands have gone to him with their problems and his help was always generously given, sometimes at the expense of his own health. His legislative service here was marked with meticulous attention to details and fine points. Even his attendance record has no marks of absence and I have on many occasions seen him disregard the advice of physicians by hurrying over to the floor to answer a relatively unimportant quorum call.

Last fall, John Sullivan suffered a severe illness but despite this his great devotion to his work led him on. John Sullivan's life was dedicated to his country and it is with heavy hearts we must accept the fact that his services are needed in a higher legislative assembly than ours.

It has also been written, Mr. Speaker, that behind the success of every great man is a woman. John Sullivan was no exception to this rule. To his good wife, Lee, I give my deepest and heartfelt sympathy. May God sustain her and the members of his family in this, their greatest hour of sorrow.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentlewoman from Illinois [Mrs. Church].

Mrs. CHURCH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in simple but telling tribute to the great gentleman from Missouri who has passed on that long trail taken before by other colleagues who, as Members of the House, have literally given their lives in the service of this country. The friendliness of the gentleman from Missouri was outstanding. He was the first person to cross the aisle and clasp my hand when I was seated on January 3. He has in all instances aided his wife in her greatest and in her least efforts; and as former president of the Congressional Club, I would offer her the deep appreciation of the club for all her husband did, and our most profound sympathy. For her comfort I would have her know my faith and my conviction that not even death can take from her the love and strength that has been poured into her life. I would have her carry perpetual pride from the knowledge that he left in the full vigor of his strength, at the height of his service, surrounded by the affection of his colleagues, and bearing with him the favor. affection, and respect which a grateful country gives to those who have served her well.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. JONES].

Mr. JONES of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, it is with a sad heart that I come here today to join with my colleagues in paying tribute to my friend and your friend, JOHN SULLIVAN.

It had been my pleasure to know John Sullivan over a long period of years, many years before I came to this House. I knew him in his service in the city of St. Louis. I knew of the untiring efforts that he had put forth for that city and for the people he represented in that city.

As a representative from his district in St. Louis he was truly devoted to his people in his efforts to carry forward legislation which would benefit those whom he was representing.

I was impressed with the fact that JOHN SULLIVAN was extremely proud of his attendance in the House of Representatives. As my colleague [Mr. KAR-STEN] has said, he had a record during the Eighty-first Congress of having never missed a roll call. He was proud of that record. I know that John Sullivan was devoted and loyal—loyal not only to his friends, but he was a loyal party man. In our Missouri delegation he felt that we should all stand together at all times, regardless. I appreciate that in a man, and I appreciated it in John Sullivan. I appreciated the fact that he felt the helpfulness that was afforded him by his wife, who was with him at all times, in the home, in the office, and in his business. I join in extending my heartfelt sympathy to her in her extreme loss, because in the death of JOHN SULLIVAN we have lost not only one of the outstanding citizens of his district, an able representative from the State of Missouri, a man of great ability here in this House, but a husband and friend whose memory will long be cherished by those who knew him.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. Magee].

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. Speaker, I was deeply shocked last night when the radio reported the shocking news of the sudden death of our colleague from Missouri, Hon. JOHN B. SULLIVAN.

We had not met until the start of the Eighty-first Congress, but I had known of his distinguished service in this House in two previous terms. Like so many of those here, he represented a city district made up of various types of citizenry, men and women of divergent interests, of different political and social philosophies. In the Eleventh District of St. Louis there are many Catholics, many Jews, many Protestants. Perhaps a third or more of the population is colored. In its confines is a great industrial area. There may be found the ultra rich and the ultra poor-men of wealth and distinction; and lowly men, unknown and unsung.

It is not an easy task to represent such a district. The mail is voluminous. The departmental work is stupendous. The pressure groups are well organized. It is a tribute to our deceased colleague that he was elected four times of the six

that he ran for Congress. In the last election, even though the political tide was against his party, he won by a majority of more than 26,000 votes.

In the Eighty-first Congress, John Sullivan cast his vote on every issue that came before the House. He missed no roll calls. He was a faithful attendant at meetings of his committee. He answered his mail promptly and advised his constituents honestly of his stand on the issues.

Early in this Congress, John Sullivan expressed to me a concern about his health. He had lost much weight. The usual sparkle was missing from his eyes, and his countenance bore a worried and pained expression. He told me that he expected to go to the Naval Hospital for a physical examination. Then he added: "I am just waiting and trying to figure out a time when I can go and not miss any business of the House." That was so characteristic of John. Duty, he placed first. His own well-being was secondary.

JOHN B. SULLIVAN was a party man, because he believed in the principles of that party; but he was not partisan in a mean way. He conceded to every man the right to believe according to the best dictates of his own conscience. He was strong in his religious faith, but again he respected the opinions and religious beliefs of others. He was kindly and soft-spoken, never prone to criticize or find fault. He was sympathetic and understanding. His heart went out to the underprivileged. He supported labor because he believed that the hand that feeds and clothes the world is the hand of toil. Although he lived in a great city, he was cognizant of the hopes and aspirations and the needs of our farm people. On major farm legislation, he voted with those of us from the rural

If he made mistakes, they were of the mind and not the heart. Truly a man has passed from our midst. We shall miss his quiet and friendly counsel. The downtrodden and unfortunate of his district have lost a champion. His wife has lost a loving, true, and devoted husband. We have all lost a friend.

In a funeral oration of long ago, it was stated: "The evil that men do lives after them. The good is oft interred with their bones." Of course, we know that Anthony was trying to establish a case against Brutus, and perhaps even then there was little truth in those words. Certainly in this enlightened age, we know that such is not true. We do know that the good deeds of our departed colleague will live long after him.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. CURTIS].

Mr. CURTIS of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I wish to join in these expressions of sympathy and tribute to our late colleague, John B. Sullivan, of Missouri.

I knew him very well. He was a distinguished attorney in St. Louis for many years. He devoted many years of his life to the administration of affairs in the city of St. Louis as associate city counselor and also as secretary to the mayor of St. Louis. From there he went on to represent that great city here in the

Halls of Congress and he performed splendidly.

St. Louis has lost a great friend, Missouri has lost a distinguished son, and the Nation has lost a very able public servant.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. Welch].

Mr. WELCH. Mr. Speaker, one by one the Members of the House of Representatives pass on. Last night when I heard over the newscast that the House of Representatives had lost another Member, my good friend and colleague, John Sullivan, I was very much shocked and grieved.

In the two short years I knew John Sullivan I always found him very considerate, a fine American, a real family man and a very religious individual. I join with my colleagues in extending to his very lovable wife my sincere regrets at his passing.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. CARNAHAN].

Mr. CARNAHAN. Mr. Speaker, when one first hears of the death of a friend, the information comes always as a shock. I learned of the sudden passing of our beloved colleague, John Sullivan, when his death was announced on the radio this morning at 7 o'clock.

Congressman Sullivan, or John, as his many friends called him, was one of the friendly and helpful Members I met when I first came to Congress. John had served one term previous to that time. His willingness and readiness to share his experience with a new Member was a bright spot in my beginning days here on the Hill.

John was an excellent example for a new Member. He quietly assumed the responsibilities of membership in the United States House of Representatives. The careful attention, effort, and thought which he gave to all matters coming before the House during his years of service has produced a record of which any Member could well be proud.

JOHN B. SULLIVAN was sincere, capable, and industrious. A long and enviable record of perfect attendance is one of many evidences of this fact. During his more than 6 years in the House he has missed very few roll calls. He answered every roll call of the Eighty-first Congress, thus being one of the few Members with a perfect attendance record.

In his untimely passing, the House has lost a valuable Member. The Nation has lost a loyal citizen. His home State has lost a capable public servant. His family has lost a devoted brother, son, and husband. I extend my deepest sympathy to the family in their bereavement and irreparable loss.

To me, his going leaves a deep sense of personal loss for I have lost an appreciated friend.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. CROSSER].

Mr. CROSSER. Mr. Speaker, it was with a terrible shock that I learned at the breakfast table this morning of the passing of my good friend, John Sullivan. We were long acquainted and intimately associated in our committee work. John Sullivan was first wholeheartedly devoted to his duties, he was a loyal friend and loyal to principles, which is, of course, still more important. John Sullivan was the kind of man who illustrated the great truth expressed by Edwin Markham in his poem which reads as follows:

There is a destiny that makes us brothers, None goes his way alone. All that we send into the life of others

Comes back into our own.

I am sure, therefore, that the thought that went from John Sullivan to his brothers throughout the earth will be more than repaid in full measure to John, his delightful wife, and those close to him. John Sullivan was one who thought very much of his friends and was concerned about their welfare. One of the last things he did in his life before he went home last fall was to warn me and urge me to be careful of my own health, about which he was worried. He was the one that should have been worrying about himself. John Sullivan was a man among men, as I say, a truly loyal friend. I extend my most sincere sympathy to his devoted wife and to his friends and relatives.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. Armstrong].

Mr. ARMSTRONG. Mr. Speaker, I am honored to add my words of tribute to our late friend and Congressman, JOHN SULLIVAN. While I did not know him as intimately as did my colleagues on the other side of the aisle or my colleague, Mr. Curtis, of St. Louis, I did have many contacts with him when I, as a member of the General Assembly of Missouri, met frequently with him, with the mayor, the city officials and leading citizens of St. Louis, as they appeared on behalf of the interests of their city. I knew him then and have known him since as an able, conscientious public servant. As has so ably been said by the dean of the Missouri delegation, Mr. Cannon, his friends knew him as a lovable man. His city and the State of Missouri have lost a capable official and a good friend. He will be missed, and we mourn his loss.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. MOULDER].

Mr. MOULDER. Mr. Speaker, the sudden and unexpected death of John SULLIVAN was a shock and great loss to his host of friends and the State of Missouri. He served his congressional district, State, and Nation capably, honorably and with great distinction. He was devoted to the problems of the men and women who worked hard for a living. In Congress he was in the forefront at all times to represent and defend the interests of the people. He was a kind and devoted husband and although words cannot ease the grief now suffered by Mrs. Sullivan, I join with my colleagues and his many loyal friends in extending to her our deepest sympathy and understanding of her great loss and bereavement, and our sympathy is extended with deepest sincerity. John Sullivan will forever remain in our temple of memories as an exemplary example of character and true friendship.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. BOLLING].

Mr. BOLLING. Mr. Speaker, John Sullivan's death was to me a very deep personal shock. My colleagues have well described his deeds. It seems to me. well to think briefly of the reason for his deeds. John Sullivan was a man of deep and strong spiritual belief; a man whose every act and every thought was governed by his faith. JOHN SULLIVAN was a humble, kindly, Christian gentleman; a man whose loss I feel deeply and very personally, because he was more to me as a help and as a guide in my first year in this Congress than any person living. I have come to know his wife, Lee Sullivan, and respect her for the same reasons I respect him. To her I give my deepest sympathy.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Louisiana [Mr. Boggs].

. Mr. BOGGS of Louisiana. Mr. Speaker, in our work here, particularly in these difficult and trying days, there is nothing more satisfying to any of us than the spirit of friendship and fraternity which prevails among the Members of this body on both sides of the aisle. While we are harassed and worried, the consideration of all our colleagues gives us courage, makes us steadfast, and gives us a will to carry on.

I know of no man in this body who more beautifully typified that feeling toward all of his colleagues than did my friend, John Sullivan. John Sullivan was gentle. He was considerate. He was lovable. Yet he was aggressive and forthright in behalf of his friends, in behalf of his constituency, and in love of his country.

I came to the House on the same day John Sullivan came here. I went out with him, and I came back with him. I shall miss him tremendously. The Nation has lost a great citizen, and his wife has lost a loving husband and a fine gentleman. May God bless and keep him

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. IRVING].

Mr. IRVING. Mr. Speaker, it is difficult for one who has lost a good friend to control those tender emotions that well up and overflow from the sympathetic heart when death has caused real friends to be separated if even only temporarily. It is hard for me, Mr. Speaker, under such circumstances to find the right words to express eloquently enough the grief that is being felt by myself along with the thousands of Congressman John Sullivan's friends who are now mourning his sudden and untimely passing. Surely it can only bring to us a fuller knowledge and a deeper appreciation and understanding of the meaning of service. Yes, his life of unselfish service to his fellowmen should inspire those of us in this great body, the United States House of Representatives, to rededicate our lives to worthy causes that

he gave so much of his life to, so that men, women, and children here in our own wonderful country might enjoy through our efforts, a freer, finer, and a happier way of life, as well as helping to bring about a more tolerable life for those elsewhere in this troubled world who have not been so fortunate as our citizenry. He would have us carry on his efforts to alleviate their sufferings and miseries, helping them to gain their freedom from the curses of ignorance, slavery, and domination by godless dic-Yes, Mr. Speaker, all this he tators. gave of his physical strength, beyond the safety limits, never once heeding a stop sign, thereby taxing his heart, mind, and soul with the critical and terrifying problems of the war years and those that have followed. His efforts to help save those still partially free peoples whose lives have not yet been captured by the unconscionable creatures who would push them over the brink in the abyss of everlasting hopelessness, will be recorded and remembered long, long after we, like our friend, have made our worldly demise.

Mr. Speaker, John Sullivan was a man of sterling character and unquestionable ability, whose great faith in his Maker and his Lord never let him swerve away from his high ideals nor waver from his noble purposes. Nor could he, Mr. Speaker, be frightened away from these ideals and purposes by those who might attack him maliciously because of their interest only in special privileges or personal power. He truly was a great representative of all the people. The Christian ideals were born a long time ago. but John Sullivan had been quietly practicing them, restating them in modern language and, as I have said previously, he was daily translating them into action in a modern world. We cannot here today too loudly praise this strong and good man for his untiring efforts to bring justice to all, actually making of it a reality wherever possible. Does not such a life reaffirm the dignity of human life along with the positive insistence that no longer shall human life be debased by foreign despots with ideologies contrary to the basic freedoms that our forefathers established and that have always been protected by our fighting men? He believed, as you and I, that no further encroachment upon the liberties of any free people anywhere can be tolerated without further endangering our own way of life. These freedoms and liberties are more necessary to us than the food we eat and more precious than life itself. And that, Mr. Speaker, is how I believe John Sullivan felt and lived. True, perhaps, that no statue of him may be raised as was at Bolivar, Mo., in 1948 in the memory and honor of Simon Bolivar, the great South American liberator. Nevertheless, millions of people should be grateful to him for the good and useful work he has performed in their behalf in the greatest legislative body in the world. And in closing, Mr. Speaker, may I extend to his fine and lovely wife, who we know was his true companion and helpmate in all of his work and deliberations, the deepest sympathy in this hour of need for spiritual comfort. To their rela-

tives a kindly word of sympathy as well. In a humble way I have tried to make an expression of my mental appraisal of a man's life that has been truly noble and deserves all of the praise and tributes that have been given here today by his many friends and colleagues. Not only was John Sullivan kind in every act and helpful in so many ways to the new Members of Congress, but this same pattern of life was followed so graciously by his wife in the consideration of the many new and unusual problems that face the wives of the new Members when they are transplanted from their old homes to new ones here in the Nation's Capital, far from their families, relatives, and neighbors. So it is with deep feeling, Mr. Speaker, that I speak so intimately and personally of the lives of these friends. One has departed for a better life. The other has been left to carry on with the great courage that I know she possesses.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee [Mr. PRIEST].

Mr. PRIEST. Mr. Speaker, it was with a most profound feeling of sorrow and grief that I learned early this morning of the death of John Sullivan. He was one of my very dear friends. The gentleman from Louisiana [Mr. Boggs] referred a moment ago to those bonds of fellowship and friendship which unite us in the House of Representatives. I think those bonds are particularly strong among Members who serve together on a committee of the House. For several years it has been my pleasure to sit very close to JOHN SULLIVAN on the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. During that period I learned to know a great many things about him, most of which have been said already by Members of the House from his own State and other States.

Mr. Speaker, no mound of earth can still the voice of John Sullivan. I will continue to hear it and to feel the compulsion of his presence on that committee as we deliberate and consider legislation. He was extremely loyal to the work of his committee, as he was to the House of Representatives. It has already been made a matter of record that he had not missed a roll call during the Eighty-first Congress. He was on time always for a hearing of the committee, and whether the committee was in full session considering a bill reported by his own subcommittee, or some other subcommittee, he gave very, very close attention and a great deal of help. Sometimes it is the very small things about a person which endear us to that individual. A year or two ago John Sullivan heard me remark in a conversation one day that in my boyhood I tried to have all of my friends and family call me Jim. and from that time on he never addressed me by any other name than Jim. It was something he wanted to do that he thought a friend would appreciate, and he did it from day to day, never failing.

Mr. Speaker, I join with the Members here in expressing our very sincere sympathy to his wife who was such a helpful companion in all the work that he did. Words are rather weak and futile on an occasion of this sort. In such an hour I like to think of the comfort of those words from one of our great hymns:

Abide with me, fast falls the eventide, The darkness deepens, Lord with me abide. When other helpers fail and comforts flee, Help of the helpless, Lord, abide with me.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCormack].

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, like all of my colleagues, I was deeply touched when I heard last night of the death of our dear beloved colleague, JOHN SULLIVAN. Quiet and unassuming, a man of tolerance and understanding, his dignity and strength of character impressed him upon all of us. He was an outstanding Member of the House. Not so much by words, but through actions and deeds our late friend. John SULLIVAN, has made his contributions in this body to the best interests of our country, and has left his imprint on the legislative pages of our history. Reference has been made to his deep faith. He exemplified that faith every moment of his life. He was an inspiration to all of us who knew him and who knew of the deep faith of which he was possessed and who knew his fine understanding of his fellow men.

Reference has been made to the few roll calls that he missed, and that he did not miss any roll calls in the Eighty-first Congress. I am satisfied that, while I am not the Great Judge, I have a feeling of confidence that by the noble life he led, when he answers to the final roll call he will be judged "right." The journey through life is only a means to an end, to eternal life in the hereafter with God Himself. If ever a man has taken the journey of life in a manner that he, in the minds of his fellow men will be judged right, in my opinion it is John Sullivan.

To his wife who has been an inspiration to him during his life I extend my profound sympathy. To my colleagues from Missouri, the Missouri delegation which has sustained this loss, I also extend my sympathy, and to the people of the district that John Sullivan so ably represented. I have lost a personal friend whose memory will always remain with me.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Arkansas [Mr. HARRIS].

Mr. HARRIS. Mr. Speaker, with the sudden and untimely passing of John Sullivan, we are reminded again of the uncertainty of life. We know not the day or the hour.

I, like you, was shocked to learn that our beloved friend, John Sullivan, had suddenly passed away last night. I, too, came to the Congress at the same time with John Sullivan, the Seventy-seventh Congress, following the election in 1940. We had a very close relationship. We became warm, personal friends. During the latter part of that Congress John Sullivan became a member of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. However, he did not return for the Seventy-eighth Congress.

The gentleman from Texas [Mr. BECKWORTH], the gentleman from Tennessee [Mr. FRIEST], and myself went on the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, where we have served ever since. The gentleman from Missouri [Mr. Sullivan] came back to the Congress in the Seventy-ninth Congress. His heart, his interest, and his work were in that great committee, and he again asked that he be permitted to come back on the committee with us. He did return to the committee. During the remainder of the time he served in the Congress he has been an active, forceful mem-ber of our committee. Consequently, I had occasion to observe his work and to know something about his loyalty to his work. I have observed his loyalty to the people he represented in his own district. JOHN SULLIVAN had very definite views. He did not hesitate to express himself or let it be known that he felt it deeply and keenly. I have seen him in committee work, subcommittee as well as full committee activities, express his own mind which you will observe from the record he made in Congress was consistent at all times. The members of our committee admired and respected him

I have been on trips on work of the committee with John Sullivan and have had occasion to know something about him personally. There is no man with whom I have had the occasion of being associated that I learned to admire and respect more than John Sullivan. He was friendly, he was considerate, he respected the views of other men; he showed himself to be not only a very able Representative in the Congress, not only to be loval to those things in which he believed, but also to be a real American. I was glad mention was made of his appreciation for spiritual values. Not once, but on numerous occasions when we have been together I have observed that at the appropriate time he would arise, and go to mass. He never hesitated or failed to express by his own actions just how much he did appreciate the spiritual side of life.

I join with my colleagues in extending our deepest sympathy to the people of his district, to the fine delegation in Congress from the State of Missouri; and, above all, to his lovely and devoted wife, in their bereavement.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members of the House may be permitted to extend their remarks at this point in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

Mr. RAYBURN. Mr. Speaker, John Sullivan was a good and great soul.

He was a man of great ability, unsurpassed courage, and unquestioned patriotism.

To his loved ones I extend my deepest sympathy.

Mr. WOLVERTON. Mr. Speaker, it is with a deep sense of sorrow that I have learned of the passing away of our dear friend and colleague, John B. Sullivan, of Missouri.

It has been a pleasure and a privilege to be associated with him in the work of this House and particularly in the work of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. The association with him in the work of this great committee gave abundant opportunity to know the sterling qualities that he possessed. was a man of strong character. He had the courage of his convictions. He was forceful in the presentation of his viewpoints. Aside from his ability, which was always outstanding, he possessed a lovable disposition. He was always kind and considerate toward everyone. Never have I heard him speak harshly nor unkindly. He had respect for the sincerity of those having differing opinions from his own. He claimed the respect of all who knew him because of his own sincerity. He has truly been conscientious in all that he has said and done. He has been faithful in the performance of all his duties as a Member of Congress. His passing from our midst brings a feeling that the country and the congressional district that he has so faithfully served has each suffered a great loss. His memory will linger long and pleasantly with all who knew him.

I trust that the high regard in which he was held by a host of friends will be a source of satisfaction and strength to the loved ones who mourn his passing and that the knowledge of the faith he possessed will sustain them in their hour of bereavement.

Mr. ASPINALL. Mr. Speaker, there are some people who, because of the winsomeness of their personality and the strength of their character, win immediate admittance to one's confidence and inner circle of associates. Such a person was our late colleague and friend the Honorable John Berchmans Sullivan.

I had the opportunity of knowing him only 2 years, but, yet in this short time, I came to look for him on the floor of the House each morning as I always look for those with whom I have become well acquainted and in whom I have reposed great admiration and respect. Maybe it was because of his apparent ill health that I invariably singled him out as among the first to find out how he was feeling on that particular day. In any event, I felt personally privileged in being able to wish him well on each daily meeting with him. I appreciated his friendly interest in me and his willingness always to take at least a brief part of his day to let me know that he recognized my presence.

The world—and, for that matter, the Congress too—has all too few persons with the kindly, human personality of our late colleague. I am advised by those who knew him better than I that his ability in his chosen profession and his services as a public official are as outstanding as was his charming personality itself. These attributes, together with his nobleness of character, his sincerity of purpose, and his acknowledgment of the lordship of his Master, made him one of our finest and best citizens and legislators.

As we miss all good friends, so shall I, together with his host of other friends, miss him. To his loved ones, I extend my most sincere sympathy in this time of their bereavement.

Mr. PRICE. Mr. Speaker, I join my colleagues from Missouri in their expressions of sorrow and in their tribute to a fine friend whose presence we will miss. As one of the four Congressmen from the St. Louis area it was my pleasure to work closely with John Sullivan during the Seventy-ninth Congress, again in the Eighty-first Congress and along with other colleagues from his home city I was looking forward to carrying on the same association through the present Congress.

I have known John Sullivan for many years. I first became acquainted with him when he came to Washington as a Member of Congress in 1940. I was a secretary on Capitol Hill at that time, but John Sullivan was as considerate of me in that capacity as he would have been had I then enjoyed the status of a Member. It was his nature to be friendly and helpful to everyone.

Later on I became closely associated with him in work. Being from adjoining cities we had many of the same problems. He was always a source of help in any emergency and I valued his willingness and his ability to step in and provide the solution for many problems.

JOHN SULLIVAN was a deeply religious man. He had abundant faith in his country and in his fellow man. He was earnest and sincere in everything he undertook. His district has lost a good and faithful servant.

I join every Member of this House in extending most sincere condolences to his wife, who has been so helpful to him in his career.

Mr. McGUIRE. Mr. Speaker, I have known John Sullivan for more than 2 years and served on the same committee with him. I like to think that I was with him on two of the happiest occasions of his life. One was when our committee was sent to Europe. visited Dublin and the President of Ireland, John A. Costello, and the Prime Minister Sean MacBride entertained our committee at a banquet. They agreed that only those members with Irish names such as Sullivan, Linehan, O'Hara, and McGuire could deliver any speeches. I wish I could have a recording of John Sullivan's talk. The title of it was "How Proud I Am To Return to Where I Have Never Been. He really was happy to be in the land of his ancestors.

The other occasion at which John was in the very empyrean was in Rome when we met Pope Pius XII and we all received the papal blessing. John was a Catholic gentleman. Nothing finer had ever happened to him. I remember when the Pope asked John where he came from and in a resonant voice John said, "St. Louis" and the Pope said, "Oh, you come from the President's home State."

Then too, I recall going to St. Louis with the committee and John arranged a reception for us. John surely was proud to represent St. Louis, and we found that the feeling was mutual. The people of St. Louis loved John Sullivan.

Others have told of John's excellent record in Congress. Most important of all, John lived a good life.

I shall always cherish his memory.

May his soul rest in peace.

Mr. BECKWORTH. Mr. Speaker, we members of the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee are very sad to learn of the untimely passing of our beloved colleague, Hon. John Sullivan.

One of the ways Members really get to know each other well is through the work they do on committees. Mr. Sullivan was a great favorite among the members of our committee. He was deeply appreciated by each of us, because of his fairness, his thoroughness, and the valuable contributions he made to each of the subjects we considered during the time he was on our committee. No one could question his motives. No one could ever doubt his sincerity.

John often mentioned to me the fact that a number of his relatives had worked on rallroads. He was a true friend to the workingman. The welfare of those who toil he kept in mind at all times. Indeed, the district John Sullivan represented was very fortunate to be represented by him. He was true to the people he represented. His district and his great city of St. Louis as well as Missouri will miss his competency and his untiring and successful efforts.

As one enters the State capitol in North Carolina, as I recall, he sees the words "To be rather than to seem." I know of no man these words are more applicable to than to John. He was modest, gentle, and genuine. He was completely without pretense. He acted no borrowed parts.

We all extend to his wife, to whom he was truly devoted, to the rest of his family and friends our deepest sympathy in his passing.

Mr. ROONEY. Mr. Speaker, in the untimely and unexpected passing last night of our distinguished colleague the gentleman from Missouri, Mr. Sulli-VAN, I have sustained a real personal JOHN B. SULLIVAN and I have been close friends since the convening of the Seventy-ninth Congress. He was an able, patriotic gentleman, always a credit to his constituency, to the State of Missouri, and to the people of this Nation. I have always found him kindly, tolerant, and intensely devoted to his duties as a member of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce and of this House of Representatives. To his devoted wife and loved ones, I express my deepest sympathy upon their loss

Mr. O'HARA. Mr. Speaker, all of us have been deeply shocked and saddened by the sudden death this last evening of our colleague, John B. Sullivan.

My service in the House commenced with him in the Seventy-seventh Congress, and it was my privilege to have served with him on the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee.

It is in committee work that the true worth and value of a Member is often best evaluated. Such experience, and the association which one has in the investigation trips of the committee, affords one the opportunity to know something of the spiritual and mental make-

up of our colleagues. In the case of John Sullivan, it gave me the opportunity of visiting in his home city of St. Louis, where I learned the affection, esteem, and respect in which he was held.

A year ago last September we were also together on an extensive investigation trip to Europe, involving phases of our committee work. I recall that on our trip we stopped in Dublin, Ireland, and I remember the pleasure of our colleague in being in Dublin and of the speech he made at the dinner given in honor of the committee by officials of that country. His remarks were expressive of an American of Irish descent when he said: "I have returned to whence I have never been."

JOHN SULLIVAN had an excellent legal education. He had many years of active practice, and his training and experience were of great benefit to his constituents and to his colleagues, both in committee and in the House.

He was active, as a World War I veteran, in the American Legion, as well as in the civic, fraternal, and political life of his community.

He was also a devout Roman Catholic and an active member of various lay organizations of his church. He practiced the principles of his religion in his everyday life, and no one could help but be impressed by his conduct and his speech, for his actions were that of a distinguished Christian gentleman.

My sympathies go to his charming and devoted wife, and to the members of his family. To them, and to his colleagues who have served with him, I wish to say that it is a comfort to have had life made richer by knowing and having been associated with John Sullivan.

May his soul rest in eternal peace.

Mr. GATHINGS. Mr. Speaker, as I drove up to the Capitol this morning the flags were flying at half staff. John Sullivan, of Missouri, although in the prime of life, had left these Halls. No more were we to enjoy his association, his kindly smile, his friendly greeting. I felt as I gazed upon those flags that here was an exemplification of the loss of a friend. Not only was there a personal loss to me but to the district and State he served, and the Nation.

I did not know John Sullivan well during the first few years he served here. It was only last year that I was with him to any great extent. In recent months we had on many occasions discussed matters of mutual concern. I always found him to be trustworthy and sincere. He was zealous in the interest of those he served.

JOHN SULLIVAN was blessed by having a charming, gracious, and devoted helpmate. She worked tirelessly as a member of his office staff. Her fine personality was a real asset. Both John Sullivan and Leonor Sullivan loved people. They were happiest when together in the company of friends. My heart goes out to her as she continues down life's journey without the helpful counsel and companionship of our beloved colleague.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the resolution.

The resolution was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints on the part of the House to attend the funeral the following Members: Mr. CANNON, Mr. SHORT, Mr. JONES of Missouri, Mr. KARSTEN of Missouri, Mr. CAR-NAHAN, Mr. BOLLING, Mr. IRVING, Mr. MAGEE, Mr. MOULDER, Mr. WELCH, Mr. ARMSTRONG, Mr. CURTIS of Missouri.

The Clerk will report the further reso-

lution.

The Clerk read as follows:

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect the House do now adjourn.

The resolution was agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 54 minutes p. m.) the House, under its previous order, adjourned until tomorrow, Wednesday, January 31, 1951, at 11 o'clock a. m.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XXIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

140. A letter from the Secretary of the Army transmitting a letter from the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, dated September 22, 1950, submitting a report, together with accompanying papers and an illustration, on a preliminary examination and survey of channel from Rhodes Point to Tylerton, Somerset County, Md., authorized by the River and Harbor Act approved on March 2, 1945 (H. Doc. No. 51); to the Committee on Public Works and ordered to be printed, with one illustration.

141. A letter from the Attorney General, transmitting copies of orders entered in cases where the ninth proviso to section 3 of the Immigration Act of February 5, 1917 (8 U. S. C. 186), was exercised in behalf of such aliens, pursuant to section 6 (b) of the act of October 16, 1918, as amended by section 22 of the Internal Security Act of 1950 (Public Law 831, 81st Cong.); to the Committee on Un-American Activities

142. A letter from the Under Secretary, Department of Agriculture, transmitting the report on cooperation of the United States with Mexico in the control and eradication of foot-and-mouth disease for the month of December 1950, pursuant to Public Law 8, Eightieth Congress; to the Committee on

Agriculture. 143. A letter from the Secretary of the Army, transmitting the annual report of the Department of the Army relative to the dis-posal of Army excess personal property lo-cated in areas outside the continental United States, Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands for the calendar year 1950, pursuant to section 404 (d), title IV of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (Public Law 152, 81st Cong.); to the Committee on Expenditures in the Executive Departments.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. AUCHINCLOSS:

H. R. 2185. A bill relating to the salaries and expense allowances of the President, Vice President, and the Speaker and Members of Congress; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. BROOKS:

H. R. 2186. A bill to authorize the allowance of leave credit to officers of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, and the Reserve components thereof, who were

denied such credit as the result of certain changes in their status between September 8, 1939, and August 9, 1946; to the Committee on Armed Services.
By Mr. BRYSON:

H. R. 2187. A bill to reduce absenteeism, conserve manpower, and speed production of materials necessary for the security of the United States; to the Committee on the

H. R. 2188. A bill to prohibit the transportation in interstate commerce of advertisements of alcoholic beverages, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. CAMP:

H. R. 2189. A bill to provide that members of the bar of the Supreme Court of the United States shall be automatically eligible to practice before certain courts and agencies the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FELLOWS:

H. R. 2190. A bill to provide for the conveyance to the town of Dedham, Maine, of a certain strip of land situated in such town and used as a road right-of-way; to the Committee on Public Lands.

By Mr. HARRISON of Wyoming:

H. R. 2191. A bill to grant certain interests in mineral rights, including oil and gas rights, to persons who have acquired or hereafter acquire land pursuant to homestead entry; to the Committee on Public Lands.

By Mr. JENKINS: H. R. 2192. A bill to amend section 313 (b) of the Tariff Act of 1930; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. KLEIN:

H. R. 2193. A bill to prohibit discrimination in employment because of race, color, religion, or national origin; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. SCUDDER:

H.R. 2194. A bill to provide for the determination of "peril points" with respect to foreign trade agreements, for the taking of action to incorporate an "escape clause" in existing and future foreign trade agreements, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SHAFER:

H. R. 2195. A bill authorizing the Secretary of the Army to convey certain land in Michigan to the State of Michigan for use in National Guard, Air National Guard, and other military training; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. EDWIN ARTHUR HALL:

H. R. 2196. A bill to improve our chances of victory by stimulating initiative, encouraging leadership, and rewarding merit among persons in all ranks of the Armed Forces of the United States; to the Committee on Armed Services.
H. R. 2197. A bill to prevent seizure of

property owned by a person serving in the Armed Forces of the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KLEIN: H.R. 2198. A bill to provide a central recreation and service center for Armed Services personnel in Washington, D. C., for the duration of the national emergency; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. MARSHALL:

H.R. 2199. A bill to amend the act of October 31, 1949 (Public Law 439), entitled the "Agricultural Act of 1949"; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. WALTER:

H. R. 2200. A bill to amend section 174.1, chapter I, title 8, of the Code of Federal Regulations, relating to control pursuant to the Subversive Activities Control Act of 1950 of persons entering the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
H. R. 2201. A bill to amend and clarify the Missing Persons Act of March 7, 1942 (c. 166,

56 Stat. 143), as amended; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. WITHROW:

H. R. 2202. A bill to amend the act entitled "An act to reclassify the salaries of postmasters, officers, and employees of the postal service; to establish uniform procedure for computing compensation; and for other purposes," approved July 6, 1945, with respect to certain employees in the Postal Transportation Service; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. ADDONIZIO: H. J. Pes. 139. Joint resolution requesting the President to proclaim February 11, 1951, Edison Day in commemoration of the birthday of Thomas Alva Edison; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BRYSON:
H. J. Kes. 140. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to exclude aliens in counting the whole number of persons in each State for apportionment of Representatives among the several States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. HUNTER:

H. J. Res. 141. Joint resolution granting the consent of Congress to joinder of the United States in suits in the United States Supreme Court for adjudication of claims to waters of the Colorado River system; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BATTLE: H. Res. 105. Resolution opposing the admission of Communist China to membership in the United Nations; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. DAWSON: H. Res. 106. Resolution providing for the expenses of conducting the studies and investigations authorized by rule XI (1) (h) incurred by the Committee on Expenditures in the Executive Departments: to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. HESELTON: H. Res. 107. Resolution to direct the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce to recommend a national fuel policy; to the Committee on Rules.

PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, private bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. BATTLE:

H. R. 2203. A bill for the relief of Harold Price; to the Committee on the Judiciary. By Mr. BROOKS:

H. R. 2204. A bill for the relief of Lamar Calloway; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BRYSON:

H. R. 2205. A bill for the relief of Mary Alice Floyd; to the Committee on the Judiciary

H.R. 2206. A bill for the relief of James E. Taylor; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CHATHAM:

H. R. 2207. A bill for the relief of Numa A. Winstead: to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GOSSETT (by request):

H. R. 2208. A bill for the relief of Winifred A. Hunter: to the Committee on the Judi-

By Mr. HARRISON of Wyoming:

H.R. 2209. A bill for the relief of Phil (Triantaphyllos) P. Petrou; to the Committee on the Judiciary

By Mr. HAVENNER:

H. R. 2210. A bill for the relief of Hye Pah Kung; to the Committee on the Judiciary. By Mr. KING:

H. R. 2211. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Rosaria Cusimano; to the Committee on the

Judiciary. By Mr. KLEIN:

H. R. 2212. A bill to provide for the adjudication of certain tort claims of William P. Novotny, Sr., and others against the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2213. A bill for the relief of Sara Salcer; to the Committee on the Judiciary. By Mr. McMILLAN:

H. R. 2214. A bill for the relief of the Plymouth Manufacturing Co., Inc., and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiclary.

H. R. 2215. A bill for the relief of Nicholas Leonidas Camarinopoulos; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MACHROWICZ:

H. R. 2216. A bill for the relief of Antonino Palazzolo; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SECREST:

H. R. 2217. A bill for the relief of Alfonso Gatti; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. STIGLER:

H.R. 2218. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Clara Speed; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. TOLLEFSON:

H.R. 2219. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Emma Hankel; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. VAUGHN:

H. R. 2220. A bill for the relief of Adams Freimanis and family; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H. R. 2221. A bill for the relief of Gertrude Manhal; to the Committee on the Judiciary. By Mr. WIGGLESWORTH:

H. R. 2222. A bill for the relief of Margaret Celikcan; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

27. By Mr. HOLMES: Resolution of the House of Representatives, State of Washington, supporting resolution to be submitted to United Nations branding Communist China as an aggressor in Korea; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

28. By Mr. SMITH of Wisconsin: Resolution of the Kenosha Association of Insurance Agents, affirming faith in the American voluntary way to safeguard the Nation's health and insure against the costs of illness and unequivocally opposing any form of national compulsory health insurance as a dangerous step toward complete acceptance of a planned, socialistic economy; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, January 31, 1951

The House met at 11 o'clock a. m.
The Reverend Leonard H. Flisher, St.
Paul's Episcopal Church, Wallingford,
Conn., offered the following prayer:

O Lord God Almighty, who art the ruler of all mankind, we commend to Thee all who are engaged in the government of this Nation. Let us not forget that this place and power have come from Thee, and that we have a sacred trust to administer in Thy name. We humbly pray that they may be used by Thee to enact such legislation as will promote the welfare of Thy people, the relief of the oppressed, the help for the poor, the correction of social wrongs. Save us from pride and arrogance that we may see Thy purposes clearly and

follow Thy will without fear. We ask this in the name of Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Journal of the proceedings of yesterday was read and approved.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

Mr. KERR. Mr. Speaker, I make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER. Evidently a quorum is not present.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I move a call of the House.

A call of the House was ordered.

The Clerk called the roll, and the following Members failed to answer to their names:

[Roll No. 9]

Aandahl Forand Nelson Abbitt Addonizio Fulton O'Konski O'Neill Furcolo Anderson, Calif. Gillette Angell Philbin Gordon Bates, Ky. Gran Bennett, Mich. Hall, Poage Powell Grant Leonard W. Berry Prouty Hart Redden Havenner Buckley Reed, Ill. Budge Rees, Kans. Rodino Heffernan Burton Heller Herter Hinshaw Rogers, Tex. Rooney Scott, Hardie Busbey Celler Hunter Chelf Kee Kelley, Pa. Chiperfield Shelley Kennedy Kersten, Wis. Sikes Cole, Kans. Staggers Cooley Coudert Lane Stanley Dawson Dempsey Dingell McConnell Stockman Taylor McDonough Velde Vursell Whitaker Donohue McGrath Marshall Donovan Miller, Calif. Miller, Nebr. Miller, N. Y. Durham Eberharter Williams, N. Y. Wilson, Tex. Wolcott Elliott Fallon Morrison Murphy Murray, Wis. Woodruff Feighan Flood

The SPEAKER. On this roll call 342 Members have answered to their names, a quorum.

By unanimous consent, further proceedings under the call were dispensed with.

DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER. The Chair will ask the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. Martin] to kindly take the chair at this time

(Mr. MARTIN of Massachusetts assumed the chair,)

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. Martin of Massachusetts). The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCormack].

SPEAKER SAM RAYBURN

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I offer a resolution (H. Res. 108) and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as fol-

Resolved, That the felicitations of the House of Representatives are hereby cordially extended to its distinguished Speaker, the Honorable Sam Raysurn, who has served in the high office of Speaker of the House of Representatives longer than any other individual in American history.

Resolved, That the House of Representatives hereby acclaims the manner in which the Honorable Sam Rayburn has steadfastly maintained and added new luster to the high traditions of the great office of Speaker of the House, and has consistently employed his great abilities, his rare parliamentary skill, and his fairness and integrity in the service of this House and his country.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, for any man to be elected to the House of Representatives by the people of his district is in itself a great honor.

To be elevated by the Members of the House to the Speakership is an outstanding honor, which has been conferred upon only 44 men from the beginnings of this legislative body in 1789.

But to be retained and to serve in that post longer than any other person since the organization of the Congress under our Constitution is the unique and distinctive position which our Speaker attained yesterday.

Such an occasion, which makes this a significant date in the history of the House of Representatives and of our country, cannot be permitted to pass without note. I know that the Honorable Sam Rayburn, the gentleman from Texas, from an innate sense of modesty and his usual dislike for personal glorification, would rather let it pass unobserved. But this is one matter on which the Chair must be overruled by the unanimous desire of the Members.

For he has achieved a record unsurpassed—one to be set down in the annals of our Nation, for the knowledge of all posterity.

And this becomes all the more worthy of special recognition when we realize that the Congress of the United States stands today as one of the few remaining forums for expression of the will of a free people through their democratically elected Representatives.

Until yesterday the record of service as Speaker was held by that distinguished patriot, Henry Clay, of Kentucky, who occupied the office at intervals of the Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and Eighteenth Congresses, between November 4, 1811, and March 4, 1825. The actual number of days served in the office by Speaker Clay were 3,056½.

The gentleman from Texas, whom we honor, first became Speaker on September 16, 1940, at the third session of the Seventy-sixth Congress, succeeding the late William B. Bankhead, and was reelected to the office in every Congress since with the exception of the Eightieth. On Monday he tied Mr. Clay's record. As we convene today, his days in office number 3,058, surpassing that record.

It is always the fond habit of historians to speak of the "giants" of an earlier day; "giants," that is, in a political sense. The names of Clay, of Thomas B. Reed of Maine, "Joe" Cannon of Illinois, Champ Clark of Missouri, Nicholas Longworth of Ohio, Martin of Massachusetts stands out among them.

Not in derogation, but in fact, do we claim that the gentleman from Texas who now joins their famous ranks exceeds them in stature of accomplishment.

The burdens of the Speakership today are heavier than ever before in history.